Protocol against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (New York, 15 November 2000)

OBJECTIVES

The Protocol against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (the Protocol) aims at preventing and combating smuggling, promoting cooperation among Parties and protecting the rights of smuggled migrants. As in the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, 2000 (the Convention), and the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (the Protocol on Trafficking in Persons), many provisions are intended to ensure that the approaches taken by Member States under their domestic legislative and law-enforcement regimes are as coordinated as possible to make collective international measures both efficient and effective.

KEY PROVISIONS

As is the case with the Protocol on Trafficking in Persons, provisions of the Convention apply mutatis mutandis to this Protocol unless otherwise stated in the Protocol.

The Protocol applies to the prevention, investigation and prosecution of the smuggling of migrants as well as to the protection of the rights of persons who have been the object of such offences. Parties to the Protocol are required to criminalize the smuggling of migrants and other forms of activity that support such smuggling. The Protocol specifies that migrants should not become liable for having been smuggled.

Specific provisions for smuggling by sea are included because of the seriousness and volume of the problem. Under one such provision, Parties are requested to cooperate to prevent smuggling of migrants by sea and to take necessary measures when it is suspected that a vessel is engaging in the smuggling of migrants. Parties may board and search vessels believed to be of their own registry.

Parties to the Protocol are also required to strengthen border measures and oblige commercial carriers of passengers to check the travel documents of those passengers.

Another important element of the Protocol is the Parties' cooperation in the field of public information. Parties are required to cooperate with each other to raise awareness of the dangers of smuggling to the migrants involved and to raise general awareness of the growing involvement of organized criminal groups.

The return of smuggled migrants to their countries of origin is foreseen. The State of origin is required to accept repatriation when the migrants in question have a right of residence in that State at the time of the return. The conference of the Parties, which is established by the Convention, will have similar functions under the Protocol.

ENTRY INTO FORCE

The Protocol entered into force on 28 January 2004 (article 22).

HOW TO BECOME A PARTY

The Protocol is closed for signature. The Protocol is subject to ratification, acceptance or approval by Signatories. The Protocol is open for accession by any State or any regional economic integration organization of which at least one member State is a Party. In order to become a Party to the Protocol, a State or a regional economic integration organization must also be a Party to the Convention (article 21 of the Protocol and article 37 of the Convention).

OPTIONAL AND/OR MANDATORY DECLARATIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS

A regional economic integration organization shall declare the extent of its competence with respect to matters governed by the Protocol. Such organizations must also inform the depositary of any relevant modification in the extent of its competence (article 21).

RESERVATIONS

Pursuant to article 20 (3) States may declare that they do not consider themselves bound by article 20 (2), according to which disputes among Parties relating to the interpretation or application of the Protocol, which are not settled by negotiation, will be submitted to arbitration and, failing agreement on the organization of the arbitration six months after the date of the request for arbitration, to the International Court of Justice (article 20 (3)). The Protocol is otherwise silent with regard to reservations.

DENUNCIATION/WITHDRAWAL

A Party may denounce the Protocol by written notification to the Secretary-General of the United Nations. Such denunciation shall become effective one year after the date of receipt of the notification by the Secretary-General. A regional economic integration organization shall cease to be a Party to the Protocol when all of its member States have denounced it (article 24). Denunciation of the Convention also entails the denunciation of the Protocol (article 40 (3) of the Convention).

Protocol against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime

New York, 15 November 2000

ENTRY INTO FORCE:

28 January 2004, in accordance with article 22 which reads as follows: "1. This Protocol will enter into force on the ninetieth day after the date of deposit of the fortieth instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, except that it shall not enter into force before the entry into force of the Convention. For the purpose of this paragraph, any instrument deposited by a regional economic integration organization shall not be counted as additional to those deposited by member states of such organization. 2. For each State or regional economic integration organization ratifying, accepting, approving or acceding to this Protocol after the deposit of the fortieth instrument of such action, this Protocol shall enter inot force on the thirtieth day after the date of deposit by such State or organization of the relevant instrument or on the date this Protocol enters into force pursuant to paragraph 1 of this article, whichever is the later."

28 January 2004, No. 39574.
Signatories: 112. Parties: 117.
Doc. A/55/383.

d by resolution A/RES/55/25 of 15 November 2000 at the fifty-fifth session of the General

REGISTRATION: STATUS: TEXT:

Note: The Protocol was adopted by resolution A/RES/55/25 of 15 November 2000 at the fifty-fifth session of the General by regional economic integration organizations, provided that at least one Member State of such organization has signed the Protocol, from 12 to 15 December 2000 at the Palazzi di Giustizia in Palermo, Italy, and thereafter at United Nations Headquarters in New York until 12 December 2002.

Participant Sig	nticipant Signature		tion, nce(A), nl(AA), on(a), ion(d)	Participant Signature			Ratification, Acceptance(A), Approval(AA), Accession(a), Succession(d)		
Albania12	Dec 2000	21 Aug	2002	Cameroon	13 Dec	2000	6 Feb	2006	
Algeria 6	un 2001	9 Mar	2004	Canada	14 Dec	2000	13 May	2002	
Argentina12	Dec 2000	19 Nov	2002	Cape Verde	13 Dec	2000	15 Jul	2004	
Armenia15	Nov 2001	1 Jul	2003	Central African					
Australia21	Dec 2001	27 May	2004	Republic			6 Oct	2006 a	
Austria12	Dec 2000	30 Nov	2007	Chile	8 Aug	2002	29 Nov	2004	
Azerbaijan12	Dec 2000	30 Oct	2003	Congo	14 Dec	2000			
Bahamas 9 .	Apr 2001	26 Sep	2008	Costa Rica	16 Mar	2001	7 Aug	2003	
Bahrain		7 Jun	2004 a	Croatia	12 Dec	2000	24 Jan	2003	
Barbados26	Sep 2001			Cyprus	12 Dec	2000	6 Aug	2003	
Belarus14	Dec 2000	25 Jun	2003	Czech Republic	10 Dec	2002			
Belgium12	Dec 2000	11 Aug	2004	Democratic Repub					
Belize		14 Sep	2006 a	the Congo			28 Oct	2005 a	
Benin17	May 2002	30 Aug	2004	Denmark ¹		2000	8 Dec	2006	
Bolivia12	Dec 2000			Djibouti			20 Apr	2005 a	
Bosnia and				Dominican Republ	lic15 Dec	2000	10 Dec	2007	
Herzegovina12	Dec 2000	24 Apr	2002	Ecuador	13 Dec	2000	17 Sep	2002	
Botswana10 .	Apr 2002	29 Aug	2002	Egypt			1 Mar	2005 a	
Brazil12	Dec 2000	29 Jan	2004	El Salvador	15 Aug	2002	18 Mar	2004	
Bulgaria13	Dec 2000	5 Dec	2001	Equatorial Guinea.	14 Dec	2000			
Burkina Faso15	Dec 2000	15 May	2002	Estonia	20 Sep	2002	12 May	2004	
Burundi14	Dec 2000			European Commu	nity12 Dec	2000	6 Sep	2006 AA	
Cambodia11	Nov 2001	12 Dec	2005	Finland	12 Dec	2000	7 Sep	2006 A	

Participant	Signatu	re	Ratification, Acceptance(A), Approval(AA), Accession(a), Succession(d)		Participant Signatus		re	Ratification, Acceptance(A), Approval(AA), Accession(a), e Succession(d)	
France	12 Dec	2000	29 Oct	2002	Mexico	13 Dec	2000	4 Mar	2003
Gambia	14 Dec	2000	5 May	2003	Monaco	13 Dec	2000	5 Jun	2001
Georgia	13 Dec	2000	5 Sep	2006	Mongolia			27 Jun	2008 a
Germany	12 Dec	2000	14 Jun	2006	Montenegro ²			23 Oct	2006 d
Greece	13 Dec	2000			Mozambique	15 Dec	2000	20 Sep	2006
Grenada			21 May	2004 a	Myanmar			30 Mar	2004 a
Guatemala			1 Apr	2004 a	Namibia	13 Dec	2000	16 Aug	2002
Guinea			8 Jun	2005 a	Nauru		2001		
Guinea-Bissau	14 Dec	2000			Netherlands ³	12 Dec	2000	27 Jul	2005 A
Guyana			16 Apr	2008 a	New Zealand ⁴	14 Dec	2000	19 Jul	2002
Haiti	13 Dec	2000			Nicaragua			15 Feb	2006 a
Honduras			18 Nov	2008 a	Nigeria	13 Dec	2000	27 Sep	2001
Hungary	14 Dec	2000	22 Dec	2006	Norway	13 Dec	2000	23 Sep	2003
Iceland	13 Dec	2000			Oman			13 May	2005 a
India	12 Dec	2002			Panama	13 Dec	2000	18 Aug	2004
Indonesia	12 Dec	2000			Paraguay			23 Sep	2008 a
Ireland	13 Dec	2000			Peru	14 Dec	2000	23 Jan	2002
Italy	12 Dec	2000	2 Aug	2006	Philippines	14 Dec	2000	28 May	2002
Jamaica	13 Feb	2002	29 Sep	2003	Poland	4 Oct	2001	26 Sep	2003
Japan	9 Dec	2002			Portugal	12 Dec	2000	10 May	2004
Kazakhstan			31 Jul	2008 a	Republic of Korea	13 Dec	2000		
Kenya			5 Jan	2005 a	Republic of Moldova	14 Dec	2000	16 Sep	2005
Kiribati			15 Sep	2005 a	Romania	14 Dec	2000	4 Dec	2002
Kuwait			12 May	2006 a	Russian Federation	12 Dec	2000	26 May	2004
Kyrgyzstan	13 Dec	2000	2 Oct	2003	Rwanda	14 Dec	2000	4 Oct	2006
Lao People's					San Marino	14 Dec	2000		
Democratic Papullia			26 800	2002 -	Sao Tome and Principe			12 Apr	2006 a
Republic		2002	26 Sep	2003 a 2003	Saudi Arabia	10 Dec	2002	20 Jul	2007
Latvia			23 Apr 5 Oct	2005	Senegal	13 Dec	2000	27 Oct	2003
Lebanon Lesotho	-	2002 2000	24 Sep	2003	Serbia	12 Dec	2000	6 Sep	2001
Liberia		2000	24 Sep 22 Sep	2004 2004 a	Seychelles	22 Jul	2002	22 Jun	2004
			22 Sep	2004 a	Sierra Leone	27 Nov	2001		
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	13 Nov	2001	24 Sep	2004	Slovakia	15 Nov	2001	21 Sep	2004
Liechtenstein		2001	20 Feb	2008	Slovenia	15 Nov	2001	21 May	2004
Lithuania			12 May		South Africa	14 Dec	2000	20 Feb	2004
Luxembourg	-				Spain		2000	1 Mar	2002
Madagascar			15 Sep	2005	Sri Lanka		2000		
Malawi			17 Mar	2005 a	St. Kitts and Nevis			21 May	2004 a
Mali		2000	12 Apr	2002	St. Vincent and the	20.35	2002		
Malta		2000	24 Sep	2003	Grenadines		2002	2535	200=
Mauritania			22 Jul	2005 a	Suriname		2001	25 May	2007 a
Mauritius			24 Sep	2003 a	Swaziland		2001	. ~	2005
			_ · P		Sweden	12 Dec	2000	6 Sep	2006

Participant Signature		Ratification, Acceptance(A), Approval(AA), Accession(a), Succession(d)		Participant Signature			Ratification, Acceptance(A), Approval(AA), Accession(a), Succession(d)	
Switzerland 2 Apr	2002	27 Oct	2006	Ukraine	15 Nov	2001	21 May	2004
Syrian Arab Republic13 Dec Tajikistan Thailand18 Dec		8 Jul	2002 a	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	14 Dec	2000	9 Feb	2006
The former Yugoslav Republic of	2001			United Republic of Tanzania	13 Dec	2000	24 May	2006
Macedonia12 Dec	2000	12 Jan	2005	United States of				
Togo12 Dec	2000			America			3 Nov	
Trinidad and Tobago26 Sep	2001	6 Nov	2007	Uruguay		2000	4 Mar	2005
Tunisia13 Dec	2000	14 Jul	2003	Uzbekistan	28 Jun	2001		
Turkey13 Dec	2000	25 Mar	2003	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	14 Dec	2000	19 Apr	2005
Turkmenistan		28 Mar	2005 a	Zambia			24 Apr	2005 a
Uganda12 Dec	2000							

Notes:

- With a territorial exclusion in respect of the Faroe Islands and Greenland.
- 2 See note 1 under "Montenegro" in the "Historical Information" section in the front matter of this volume.
 - For the Kingdom in Europe.

Further, on 18 January 2007, the Kingom of the Netherlands informed the Secretary-General that the Protocol would apply to Aruba with the following:

In accordance with article 8, paragraph 6, of the Convention the central authority of Aruba is:

The Procurator-General of Aruba

Havenstraat 2,

Oranjestad

Aruba

Tel: (297) 582 1415

Fax: (297) 583 8891

om.aruba@setamet.aw

- With the following territorial exclusion:
- ".....consistent with the constitutional status of Tokelau and taking into account the commitment of the Government of New

Zealand to the development of self-government for Tokelau through an act of self-determination under the Charter of the United Nations, this ratification shall not extend to Tokelau unless and until a Declaration to this effect is lodged by the Government of New Zealand with the Depositary on the basis of appropriate consultation with that territory...."