Logical Framework (Updated June 2011)

Logical Framework				
Project Title: Support to Prison Reform in the Kyrgyz		Strategy Result Area(s): 1.3. Criminal Justice	Strategy Region/Country: Kyrgyzstan	Project Number / Code: KGZT90
Republic		systems: more accessible, accountable and effective	Date: March 2011	Duration: Dec 2009 – Dec2012

Result(s) at the Strategy Level:
The project is in line with the UNODC Strategy, particularly results area:

- Rule of Law,
- 1.3
- Criminal Justice systems: more accessible, accountable and effective,
 Enhanced capacity of Member States to develop and maintain accessible and accountable domestic criminal justice systems in accordance with international 1.3.1 standards and norms; and
- Improved capacity of national criminal justice systems to use and apply relevant UN standards and norms in crime prevention and criminal justice. 1.3.3

	Indicators ¹	Means of Verification	Assumptions/Risks
Objective(s): The Krygyz Republic improves prison management and social reintegration of offenders through a comprehensive prison reform programme	A reformed legislative framework for prison reform and alternatives to prison Decreased prison disturbances, Improved prison conditions and treatment of prisoners; and Improved staff morale and performance; general treatment of prisoners, including vulnerable groups, and conditions directly affecting health in selected prisons by the end of the project Increased financial resources made available to GSIN, both regular, international, and resulting from income generating programmes. Stabilization of the Kyrgyz prison population, combined with increased number of offenders benefitting from	MOJ reports, publication of adopted legislation and GSIN reports on status of legislative framework reforms UNODC project, MOJ and GSIN records, and press reports relating to prison conditions, treatment of prisoners and prison disturbances, staff morale and treatment of prisoners. On-site assessments conducted by UNODC and partners on prison conditions, treatment of prisoners, staff morale and performance	MOJ is committed to the project and will fulfill all its responsibilities as partner. GSIN will show full commitment and cooperation in organizing project activities Key stakeholders remained committed and cooperate fully with UNODC

¹ If feasible please provide indicators disaggregated by gender

	alternatives to imprisonment	Reports/assessments from third parties, specifically civil society organizations and public body, responsible for monitoring conditions and treatment in prisons Reports by government and GSIN on financial resources	
Outcomes: 1. Improved prison reform and alternatives to imprisonment legislative/normative framework, with prison reform policy and strategy established 2. The Prison administration manages prisons effectively, in line with UN Standards and Norms, promoting the social reintegration of offenders	 Relevant legislation on prisons and alternatives to prison revised and presented to officials by the end of the 2nd year of project Availability of endorsed prison reform policy and strategy by the end of the 2nd year of the project. A comprehensive training programme based on identified needs developed by the end of the 2d year of the project. Prison Staff Training Center equipped with training curriculum and manual developed by the project by the end of the 3rd year. Prison Staff Training Center equipped with additional reference materials and training resources. At least 20 national trainers available to conduct training with supervision in the 3rd year of the project. Policy and strategy developed to establish and manage income generating/vocational training activities in prisons by the end of the project. Small-scale income generating rehabilitation programmes functional in at least 5 prison colonies involving at least 200 prisoners by the end of the project. A model colony settlement established, with comprehensive income generating prison industry or 	UNODC project and GSIN records Reports/assessments from third parties Training records available from the Prison Staff Training Center (no. of staff, no. of courses implemented, incl. list of participants, etc.) Documents available in GSIN's Training Centre Documents available in GSIN's Training Centre Records of GSIN's Training Centre Document approved by Government GSIN records Press reports	Key stakeholders involved in reviewing and drafting the prison reform policy and strategy, and in revising legislation, will remain committed to the exercise GSIN management and general staff are committed to bringing prisons into compliance with national and int'l laws, standards and norms Target groups are committed to attending trainings and willing to implement outcomes of training courses GSIN management and general staff are committed to bringing prisons into compliance with national and int'l laws, standards and norms

3. Prison authorities contribute to the prevention of disease and promoting mental and physical health through establishment of a healthier working and living environment in prisons 4. Information about prison reform programme is made more available to the public through ingressed media.	farm involving at least 200 prisoners 2.8. Study visit conducted to an Eastern European Country in 2 nd year of project for 7 senior GSIN officers 3.1. Sewage, heating and/or water supply systems (depending on need) functional in all selected prisons (estimated 4) by the end of the project 3.2. Equipment procured and installed in all selected prison colonies/settlements by 30 th month of the project. 3.3. At least 15 prisoners per selected prison trained in relevant skills by end of 3d year (est. 10 prisons) 4.1. At least 50 press articles about the programme and prison reform in Kyrgyzstan. Geographic coverage and simulation of media sublishing the prisons.		
the public through increased media coverage	circulation of media publishing the articles (if available) 4.2. At least 400 receivers of the project publications; 4.3. Dissemination of the conference report. List of receivers of the report		
Output 1.1. Improvement of policies and legislative framework for prison reform and alternatives to imprisonment	 1.1.1. Prison Reform Working Group (PRWG) composed, and meetings taking place every 3 months from 10th month of project 1.1.2. UNODC project manager has led and coordinated meetings together with GSIN. 1.1.3. Analytical assessment of legal framework of prison management and alternatives to prison in Kyrgyzstan available by 11th month of project, including recommendations for action, and submitted to PRWG. 1.1.4. Completed legislative framework by end of 2nd year of project. 	Minutes of the meetings Analytical report prepared by experts. Reports submitted by expert Prison Reform Strategy UNODC project reports Conference report Study visit reports Documents available in GSIN's	Prison reform remains a political priority for National Authorities Formulation of realistic recommendations that will be implemented by National Authorities GSIN and Training Centre remain committed to the programme and cooperate fully. Availability of GSIN staff and commitment to applying training learnings

	partners by the end of the 2d year of the project.	
	2.1.13. Study visit on prison reform conducted to European country n 2 nd year of project for 7 senior GSIN officers	
Output 2.2. Social reintegration and income generating activities developed and functioning	2.2.1. Expert group meetings took place every 4 months from 14th month of project	
Ü	2.2.2.UNODC project manager coordinated and participated in all expert group meetings	
	2.2.3. Assessments report of current practice and needs for the development of a policy and strategy for establishing income generating activities/ vocational training programmes developed and shared with national counterparts by 15 th month of the project.	
	2.2.4. Study visit conducted to Turkey in 2nd year of project for 7 senior GSIN officers	
	2.2.5. Refurbishment and equipment procurement completed in all selected prison colonies / colony settlements by end of 3nd year of project.	
	2.2.6. One model semi-open prison established by 36h month of project	
	2.2.7. Functioning mechanism in place for funds generated from prison workshops, model semi-open prison to be invested in prison reforms.	
	2.2.8. Income generating activities are in place in selected prisons by the 30 th month of the project.	
Output 3.1. Improved working conditions and sanitary facilities in prisons	3.1.1. Assessments report of status quo re: sanitary facilities in prison colonies available by 11th month of project including prioritization of and cost estimates for corrective action	

	3.1.2. Equipment procured and installed in all selected prison colonies/settlements by end of 3 year.		
Output 3.2. Vocational training for prisoners conducted	3.2.1 At least 15 prisoners per selected prison trained in relevant skills by end of 1 st year (est. 10 prisons)		
Output 4.1. The project results have been disseminated to contribute to better public support to prison reform programme	4.1.1. Three press conferences completed to inform the media and the public about the project progress and achievements, enhancing the visibility of EC-UNODC cooperation in the field of prison reform		
	4.1.2. UNODC organised a 2-day project conference in final quarter of project with participation from around 60 participants, and conference, project achievements shared, EC-UNODC visibility enhanced, working groups developed recommendations for future steps.		
	4.1.3. Conference report prepared and published by 36 th month of project and disseminated in the Kyrgyz Republic and region		
Key Activities:	Related to Output 1.1. <i>Improvement of policies and legislative framework for prison reform and alternatives to imprisonment</i> 1.1.1. Assessment of existing legal framework related to prison reform and alternatives to imprisonment and formulation of recommendations; 1.1.2. Assistance in development of the prison reform policy and strategy.		
	Related to Output 2.1. Training of management and specialist personnel, based on needs 2.1.1. To develop Prison Staff Training Programme, which will include courses on Prison Leadership, Strategic Planning Training, Managing Small-Scale Prison Income Generating Activities/Vocational Training programmes, Managing Prison Industries, Working with Prisoners with Special Needs, Working with Life-Sentenced Prisoners; 2.1.2. To provide training and support Prison Staff Training Centre: Training of Trainers, development of Training Curriculum and Training Manual; 2.1.3. To organize two study visits.		
	Related to Output 2.2. Social reintegration and income generating activities developed and functioning 2.2.1. To conduct Needs Assessment on Prison Income Generating Activities/Vocational Training 2.2.2. To develop Policy and Strategy for establishment of income generating/vocational training activities in prisons 2.2.3. To launch a small scale income generating rehabilitation programme at least in 5 prison colonies and 1 colony settlement 2.2.4. To establish a model colony settlement involving at least 200 prisoners		

Related to Output 3.1. Improved working conditions and sanitary facilities in prisons
3. .1.1. To conduct Needs Assessment on Refurbishment of sanitary facilities
3.1.2. To rehabilitate prison facilities in order to improve water, sanitation, heating and sewage systems.

Related to Output 3.2 Vocational training for prisoners conducted
3.2.1. To organize vocational training for approximately 15 prisoners in each of the selected prisons (estimated 10) on plumbing, electrician's skills decorating, etc.

Related to Output 4.1. The project results have been disseminated to contribute to better public support to prison reform programme
4.1.1. To organize three press conferences at key points of the project
4.1.2. To organize a wrap-up Conference in the end of the project implementation

4.1.3. To prepare a conference report to be published in two languages (Russian and English) for wide dissemination

